

Dynamical systems theory of public opinion

T. Cheon

Kochi University of Technology, Kochi, Japan

A dynamical theory of temporal evolution of political opinions is developed in the form of extended Polya urn. Intriguing spatio-temporal patterns are found that mimics the results of real-world democratic voting. The theory offers a unifying view over preceding approaches advanced by Galam and by Mori and Hisakado.